SAINT-GOBAIN

Saint-Gobain has set, for its operations, a 20% CO₂ emissions and 15% energy consumption reduction target by 2025, compared to 2010. Between 2010 and 2015, one third of the period, the company recorded a 5.7% CO₂ emissions reduction, or a progress of 28% towards achieving its goal. In addition, with its CARE® programme, the company aims at reducing fourfold the overall energy consumption and GHG emissions in its own office buildings by 2040.

URSA

URSA has shown its commitment to reducing the energy used in its production process. In 2012, it noted a 6% reduction in CO₂ emissions across all its factories. Besides, all of them have Super-assessed ISO 9000 certificates, which guarantees a high level of operational performance.

VELUX

We have achieved 20% CO₂ savings at our production sites compared to the 2007 baseline. Compared to an average European household, 20% savings corresponds to the energy used for water heating, electrical appliances and lighting. The goal is a 50% reduction by 2020 compared to 2007.

United Technologies

We have made some bold promises that we will deliver on by 2020. 80% of our revenues will be sustainable and we will also deliver 2 billion LED lamps and luminaires to the world. As a company, we will be raising our own sustainability bar by promising to be carbon neutral by 2020.

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By changing the way we create and use light, we can improve lives and have a positive impact on the planet. We have made some bold promises that we will deliver on by 2020. 80% of our revenues will be sustainable and we will also deliver 2 billion LED lamps and luminaires to the world. As a company, we will be raising our own sustainability bar by promising to be carbon neutral by 2020.

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By 2022, Armascell aims to reduce its total energy consumption by 15% and CO₂ emissions by 20%. The company focuses on quality and ultra-efficient production and has developed reliable systems to utilise production scraps and reduce the total waste generated.

Besides, all of Armascell’s European manufacturing facilities are certified in accordance with the international environmental standard ISO 14001 and the company’s insulation materials command a proven track record in energy-efficient solutions.

In Grundfos we have committed to never emit more CO₂ than we did in 2000, regardless of organisational growth. Our primary instruments for achieving this commitment is through energy optimisation across our sites with a focus on using our own two tools to become more energy efficient. From 2000 to 2016, we have increased our turnover by 35%. At the same time, we have reduced our absolute energy consumption by 12% and our CO₂ emissions by 36%. A key driver to achieve these results, has been replacement of pumps and motors with best-in-class Grundfos pump and motor technologies.

Ingersoll Rand has invested over $500 million in just five years in product-related R&D, or an average of $100 million per annum. This has been reflected in the company’s development of energy-efficient chillers and industrial air compressors.

For its flagship product categories, a Global Environmental Action Plan Fiscal Year 2020 has been formulated for its plants and manufacturing facilities. This plan sets benchmarks for energy efficiency and productivity at its 21 largest factories. In 2015, for example, the company committed to achieving a 25% reduction in the energy intensity of its manufacturing facilities compared to 2005, to emit a total of just 1.58 million tons CO₂ by then and (3) a specific Daikin Standard to optimise the systems that control ventilation, heating, insulation materials command a proven track record as well as materials that command a proven track record as well as materials that can be used effectively to achieve these reductions.

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